



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/008,430	11/13/2001	Matthew F. Ogle	1416.10US01	3022
75	03/28/2005		EXAM	INER
HALLIE A. FINUCANE WESTMAN, CHAMPLIN & KELLY, P.A. 900 SECOND AVENUE SOUTH, INTERNATIONAL CENTRE SUITE 1600			LANKFORD JR, LEON B	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1651	
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402-3319			DATE MAILED: 03/28/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/008,430	OGLE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Leon Lankford	1651
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet wit	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a re within the statutory minimum of thirt ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MON' cause the application to become AB.	oply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status	•	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 Ja	nuary 2005.	
	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	ice except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-35</u> is/are pending in the application.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-35</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.	•
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	•
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce		by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		,
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. &	119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	,	(2) (2) 0. (1).
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		polication No.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		-
application from the International Bureau	•	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		received.
Attachment(s)	•	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview S	ummary (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s	s)/Mail Date
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) L Notice of Ir 6) Cther:	formal Patent Application (PTO-152)

DETAILED ACTION

The written description rejection and anticipation rejections have been overcome by applicant's amendments and arguments.

Applicant's arguments filed 1/6/5 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive to overcome the rejection below (combined to address the amended claims). Carlyle teaches coating medical devices with VEGF for the effects produced thereby, the examiner still contends that it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to substitute HIF-1 alpha for the VEGF because the prior art teaches that HIF-1 alpha stimulates the *in vivo* production of the desired compound VEGF.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various

Application/Control Number: 10/008,430

Art Unit: 1651

claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Carlyle et al(99/37337) in view of Semenza et al(6124131) or Tsuzuki et al(Cancer Research. 60. 2000).

Carlyle teaches a medical device on to which VEGF has been attached to promote population of the device with viable cells and other positive results. Carlyle teaches all of the claimed devices in detail through the reference and also details means for attaching the peptide to the device in all the methods applicant claims. The reference teaches all of the claimed limitations except that the reference uses VEGF and does not teach using a VEGF stimulation compound however at the time the invention was made it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute a known VEGF stimulation compound for the VEGF used by Carlyle because such a compound would cause the production of the desired compound VEGF. Applicant does not seem to dispute that HIF-1 alpha is a known stimulator of VEGF production. The coating of a VEGF stimulating compound on a medical device would produce the same desired results as sought by Carlyle. Carlyle doesn't teach using HIF-1α as the stimulator/agonist of VEGF, however it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to use HIF-1α in lieu of VEGF in

Application/Control Number: 10/008,430

Art Unit: 1651

the process of Carlyle or device of Carlyle because Semenza and Tsuzuki teach that HIF- 1α is a known stimulator of VEGF . There was a reasonable expectation that substituting HIF- 1α for the VEGF in the invention of Carlyle would produce like results.

As the references clearly indicate that the various proportions and amounts of the ingredients used in the claimed device are result effective variables, they would be routinely optimized by one of ordinary skill in the art in practicing the invention disclosed by those references.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Leon Lankford whose telephone number is 571-272-0917. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thu 7:30-6.

Art Unit: 1651

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mike Wityshyn can be reached on 571-272-0926. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Leon B Lankford Jr Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1651